

## **Concrete Slab Contaminants**

Elevated levels of inorganic or organic contaminants in concrete can prevent proper adhesion of primers, sealers, and adhesives to the surface of the slab. In order to measure these contaminants, core samples need to be extracted from the concrete slab. Two core samples should be taken for the first 10,000 SF of subfloor, and one additional core sample for every additional 10,000 SF. Extraction should be done dry if at all possible. Core sizes should be 4" in diameter and 4" in length.

Inorganic contaminants are salts that are usually transported to the surface by the evaporating water during the drying process. They will accumulate and form a very hard, yet unstable crust. Primers and sealers will stick to that crust, which in turn has only a limited adhesion to the concrete below and could break loose once mechanical stress is put on the sealer. In addition, these salts will "attract" more water from underneath and increase the surface moisture.

Testing for water-soluble inorganic content using ion chromatography is to be performed at a sample depth of 0-3 mm and 3-6 mm below the surface of the slab for sodium (Na+), potassium (K+), sulfates (SO42-), and chlorides (Cl-). Based on an extensive database of core samples across the U.S., the following "normal" concentration levels have been established:

Na⁺	200-800 ppm
K+	200-800 ppm
SO42-	1500-5500 ppm
Cl-	10-100 ppm

<u>Organic contaminants</u> such as oil, grease, fatty esters, are typically brought upon the surface after the installation of the slab to enhance and/or accelerate the curing process. Waterborne primers and sealers will have a low tolerance for such contaminants.

Solvent soluble organic content is detected using IR spectroscopy and provides a concentration for organic contaminants like oil, grease, fatty esters, fatty carboxylate salts in the 0-3 mm layer of the core sample. Acceptable levels of these organic contaminants are:

For water-based primers, sealers, and adhesives:	< 300 ppm
For alcohol-based primers and adhesives:	< 500 ppm

For epoxy-based sealers and urethane adhesives: < 700 ppm

For a testing laboratory, we recommend:

Mineralogy, Inc.	P: 918-744-8284
3321 East 27th St	info@mineralogy-inc.com
Tulsa, OK 74114	

Visit www.staufusa.com for more information, or call Technical Services at (901) 820-0007.